

BCE means Before Common Era

History—Ancient Egyptians

TIMELINE

7000 BCE	5000 BCE	4500 BCE	3500 BCE	2500 BCE	1500 BCE	1334 BCE	1325 BCE	332 BCE	30 BCE
People settled near the River Nile in the Nile Valley	Organised farming began of wheat, barley and cattle	First use of sailboats	First hieroglyphics used	Sphinx and Giza Pyramids built	Valley of the Kings tombs built	Tutankhamun becomes Pharaoh	King Tutankhamun buried	Alexander the Great (Greek) conquers Egypt	Cleopatra dies and Egypt becomes a Roman Province

Key Vocabulary

Civilisation	The society, culture and way of life of a settled community in a particular area
Hieroglyphics	A writing system where picture symbols stood for meanings or sounds. It meant 'sacred carving'.
Irrigation	Watering crops to help them to grow
Mummy	A body prepared for burial according to Ancient Egyptian practice
Papyrus	A type of plant grown in Ancient Egypt that was turned into a paper-like material for writing
Pyramids	Over 130 pyramids were created as tombs for Pharaohs
Tomb	A chamber to protect the dead built in pyramids or underground.

Famous Pharaoh

Egyptian rulers were called Pharaohs

- King Tutankhamun ruled from 1334 BCE to 1325 BCE
- His intact tomb was found in the Valley of the Kings in 1922 by an archaeologist called Howard Carter
- He took the throne aged 9 and died aged 12

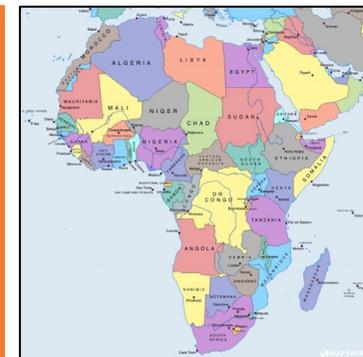


Afterlife

- Ancient Egyptians believed when they died they would journey to another world where they would live again
- They would be buried with all their things so they could take them to their next life
- Their bodies were mummified to PRESERVE them
- The poor were buried in sand and the rich were buried in tombs



Continent - Africa
Country- Egypt
Capital of Egypt - Cairo
Longest River in the world - River Nile (around 6670km)



Egyptians used the fertile soil along the banks of the River Nile to grow crops.